

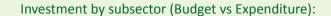
# **FACTSHEET**

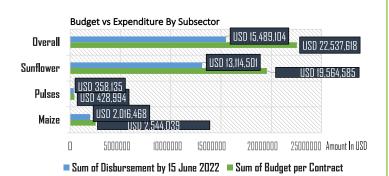
Creating better functioning market systems in Sunflower and Pulses



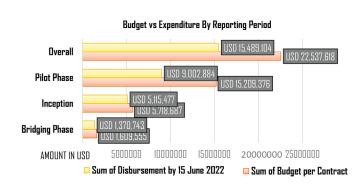
Overall Goal	Increased and sustained income and employment opportunities for productive poor women, men, and youth in agricultural markets in Tanzania
Outcomes	Productive poor women, men and youth take advantage of more inclusive, resilient, and competitive market systems
Major Interventions	<ul> <li>✓ Agricultural sub-sectors development (Pulses, Sunflower, and potentially additional subsectors)</li> <li>✓ Embedding climate change resilience and mitigation into the subsectors and business enabling environment</li> <li>✓ Private sector development</li> <li>✓ Service market promotion (knowledge, information, finance, etc.)</li> <li>✓ Building human and institutional capacities (BMOs and Farmers' Organisations)</li> <li>✓ Policy dialogue (influencing and advocacy for improved regulations, policies and business environment)</li> </ul>
Expected Budget	US\$ 20 Million
Beneficiaries	250'000 direct target beneficiaries   Women 40%, Youth 25%
Geographical Location	Tanzania Mainland, covering <i>Central</i> zone- (Dodoma, Singida and Manyara), <i>Southern Highlands</i> zone – Rukwa, Ruvuma, Njombe and Songwe) and <i>Southern</i> zone- (Lindi and Mtwara). A total of 9 regions
Subsector Focus	Sunflower, Pulses and a third subsector to be added later

# **Quick AMDT stats & figures**



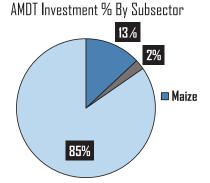


# Investment by reporting time (Budget vs Expenditure):



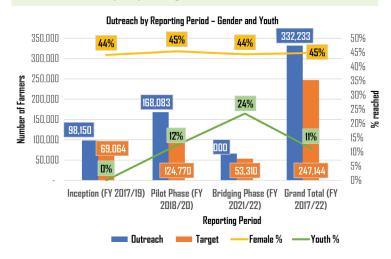
#### Outreach by Subsector: Fy 2017/22 Outreach By Value Chain, Gender And Youth 332,23 45% 400,000 40% **Number of Farmers** 40% 300.000 247.233 reached 30% 200,000 15% 20% 100,000 10% 0% Maize Pulses **Grand Total** Value Chain Outreach ■ Target Female %

# Investment by Subsector:



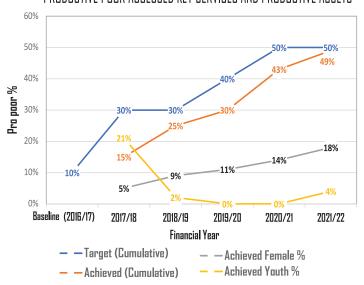
The program made a total investment of USD 15,489,104 equivalent to 69% of the total budget in three subsectors, where the intervention in Sunflower accounted for 85% of the total amount spent followed by Maize (13%) and only 2% under Pulses.

## Outreach by Reporting Period – Gender and Youth



# % of Beneficiaries With Access to Services and Productive Assets by Financial Years

# PRODUCTIVE POOR ACCESSED KEY SERVICES AND PRODUCTIVE ASSETS



#### Tested Business Models by Financial Years:

# NEW OR IMPROVED BUSINESS MODELS BENEFITING PRODUCTIVE POOR



Overall, the program piloted 12 improved business models with 5 new in the market including; i. Block farming with bundled services to SHFs and private led extension services, ii. Value addition in pulses; iii. Capacity enhancement of public extension system; iv. PPP in sunflower hybrid seed multiplication and commercialization; and v. Youth led extension service delivery model.

# AMDT key behavioral changes | 2018 to 2022



#### At Smallholder farmers level:

**Increased income means**: Increased supply of farm inputs, Adoption of improved agri-practices, Improved linkages with buyers/off takers



#### At SME level:

**Increased processors capacity means:** Improved machinery, reduced cost of production, increased capacity, Increased sales and market shares through collective marketing, Improved prices offered to farmers



#### **At Government Level:**

**Enhanced Knowledge and Provision of Extension Services means:** Reaching more farmers, collaboration between public and private sectors providers

**Improved knowledge on good agri-practices means**: More farmers and extension officers receive and utilize knowledge in their communities



### At Market actor/Service provider's level:

**Improved access to financial services means:** More farmers access loans, More financial products innovated by banks to finance agricultural enterprises

# More info?